



Across Canada

AFTER fifty-four years of conservative progress we have built our branch system up to 300 branches. We will continue to extend as the needs of communities call for increased banking accommodation, because the policy behind our banking enterprise is to foster the continued upbuilding of Canada.



ASSETS EXCEPTED \$174,000,000

UNION BANK OF CANADA

Chinook Branch
Cereal BranchW. A. Cruickshank, Manager
J. Jack, Manager

Now that the Holiday Season is Over

and we trust it was a happy and joyous one to all our patrons and friends

Purchases will be more in the line of

STAPLE GOODS

We have a well-assorted stock of the essential, much of which we are selling at pre-war prices

H. C. Briggishaw

THE STORE WITH THE GOODS

BREEZELETS

A New York dispatch says that lawyers lead in suicide list in the United States.

Can it be possible that Uncle Sam's lawyers are the biggest lawyers in his domains?

"No reason for early election," says Sir James Loughheed.

Well, yes there is—the opposition and the disappointed office-seekers want it.

In planning a Mormon temple next the Prince's ranch, a prominent Mormon asks: "How will the British public take the news and how will they feel on the Prince becoming our neighbor?"

After the temple is built, what is to prevent the Prince selling his ranch, Mr. Mormon?

An American physician says he has "isolated the influenza germ."

But in America the influenza germ just won't stay "isolated," as the flu over there is even going stronger at an alarming rate

Higher lumber prices in sight, producers predict.

Very soon lumber prices will have soared up above the tallest timbers and out of sight.

"Influenza recurrence not very likely," says a news heading

But at the same time it is spreading rapidly, and every preparation is being made to meet the "bug" on the way—and stop him, if possible.

Delegates to the National Canners' convention prophesy still higher prices for canned goods during 1920.

Canned goods can be canned at home, and the Canners' canned goods should be very strictly "canned" by the good house wife.

Chinook Has a Case of Sleeping Sickness

SIXTEEN-YEAR-OLD GIRL THE VICTIM

NOT to be behind the times, Chinook has a case of "Sleeping Sickness" all its own. Last week, Dr. Egbert was called to a peculiar malady affecting Mary Frogie, aged 16 years, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Wm Frogie, residing some 26 miles south from Chinook. For some ten or twelve days previous to calling in the doctor, the girl had been in a semi-lethargic state at her home, her parents hoping that their daughter would soon recover from her lethargy, but after waiting nearly two weeks and seeing no improvement, they decided to call in the doctor, who at once diagnosed the case as "sleeping sickness," and had her brought to the hospital at Chinook, where she is now under quarantine. The patient is holding her own, and the doctor is watching the case closely.

Dr. Egbert wishes to say to the public that sleeping sickness, which is simply a form of meningitis, is one of the least infectious or communicable of infectious diseases, and that, therefore, there is no occasion for any alarm or excitement because of the existence of one case in the community. All necessary precautions are being taken to protect the public.

Medical Association Formed

The East Medical Association of Alberta organized and holding their first meeting, elected the following officers:

Dr. V. Cross, president, Youngstown
Dr. G. H. Ingham, vice pres, Delia
Dr. J. H. Egbert, sec. treas

The matter of public health was discussed at considerable length. It was felt that the medical men should take a more active part in assisting the public in this matter, particularly with regards instruction.

It was resolved that the Association should offer, free of charge, to public organizations, lectures on various subjects of interest, a list of which may be found below.

The objects of the association are the exchange of ideas on medical subjects, the collection and comparison of case reports, the improvement and safe-guarding of public health, the increasing medical knowledge and the improvement of medical and surgical procedures.

A number of matters relating to the control of infectious diseases and the protection of public health in general were discussed.

The association is prepared to supply, free, on request, to meetings of the U.F.W.A. and other societies lecturers to speak on the following subjects:
The sanitation of the home and infectious diseases

Dr. Ingham, Delia
The prevention of trouble peculiar to women

Dr. Mason, Hanna
Dr. Chandler, Cereal
The use and abuse of the digestive system

Dr. Cross, Youngstown
The cause and prevention of some

disorders and diseases of the heart and blood vessels

Dr. Sumerville, Munson
The care of the expectant mother

Dr. Egbert, Chinook

Internal medicine

Dr. Bradford, Youngstown
Other doctors names may be added to the above list as their consent to lecture may be secured by the Secretary.

Any organizations desiring lectures to be given will communicate with the Secretary, Dr. Egbert, Chinook.

The following schedule of fees (incomplete) was adopted:
Villages—Day visit (minimum) \$3.00

" Night visits (10 p.m. to 7 a.m.) \$5.00

Country—Same as for villages, with \$1.25 mileage added for day and \$1.50 for night

Maternity Cases—Normal cases \$5.00

In Country—Day or night, mileage added,

Time Waits for No Egg

What is a "new laid egg?"
Recently a special committee sat three days to decide that point. By the end of that time doubtless they decided it wasn't.

Heard on the High Road, 9 a.m.

"Well, thank heaven, our legs can't strike!"

Awful Thought!

Suppose they could! Wouldn't a Triple Alliance between the Legs and Arms and Eyes be the limit?

Cursorry Remarks

Arthur Kirst, an Alien prisoner of war who escaped from the Sounding Creek camp, was recaptured at Alaska as he was crossing the border. Whereupon, no doubt, Arthur Kirst more than ever.

ANNOUNCEMENT OF

Chinook Hospital

DR. EGBERT

Has arranged with the proprietor of the Acadia Hotel for the setting aside of a part of the Hotel, to be used as a Hospital. Any kind of case may be admitted, except infectious cases.

MATERNITY CASES

SPECIAL ATTENTION

is being given to the care and accommodation of Maternity Cases.

TWENTY-FIVE

of these cases can be accommodated at one time, every patient occupying a strictly private room on the first floor. Every room is well furnished, steam-heated, and well heated at all hours of the day and night. Good beds and high-grade mattresses and springs.

Ladies desiring such accommodation may call and see just how private and comfortable their surroundings will be.

REMEMBER

that your room will be strictly separate and private and in a part of the building entirely set aside for this purpose from the rest of the hotel.

Knowing, as you do, the need for such a hospital, this arrangement has been made largely with the people from outlying districts in view. Remembering the country's present financial condition, expenses will be as low for patients as it is humanly possible to make them.

Address any inquiries or communications to

DR. J. H. EGBERT,
CHINOOK, ALTA.

Chiels o' Beesoms an' Stanes! Tak' Heid!

SECOND ANNUAL

BONSPIEL!

OF THE

Chinook Curling Club

WILL BE HELD ON

FEB. 10, 11, 12, 13

TWO BIG OPEN EVENTS

GRAND CHALLENGE

C. S. MILL TROPHY

MERCHANTS' EVENT

CONSOLATION EVENT

Open to Rinks not reaching Eights

LADIES' EVENT—OPEN

To start on the morning of the 13th

PRIZES VALUE OVER \$500.00

You'll be proud to take them home

Draws will be arranged so that visitors are not unduly delayed. They will be given preference in all cases.

All entries must be in hands of Secretary by evening of Feb 13

I. W. Deman, Vice-Pres. J. R. Miller, Pres. W. A. Cruickshank, Sec-Tre

When Fatigued
AcupOXO is both refreshing and invigorating. Ready in a minute—the minute you want it.

OXO CUBES

Camouflage

During the progress of the Great War a new word became incorporated into the vocabularies of the English-speaking people—the word "camouflage." It is a word denoting deception, the making of things to appear what they are not, the art of disguise. So we had ships with dummy funnels and masts and painted in the most startling fashion so that it was difficult to tell whether there was one ship or two, and whether it was moving east or west. Roads were treated so that it was difficult to say from the air whether they existed or not. Guns and airframes and buildings were so marked that at a distance it was impossible to separate them from the surrounding landscape. So, in war, camouflage was developed almost to an art and attained a high degree of ingenuity, cleverness, and in many ways was successful in the accomplishment of the purposes for which it was designed. It was, however, all a part of war strategy.

Unfortunately, there is too much practice of camouflage in the everyday business of life. It permeates everything, and men, and women, too, who would not for one moment stoop to the telling of a lie, or the perpetration of an openly dishonest act, work at and acquiesce in a species of camouflage with the intention of deceiving and promoting something essentially dishonest.

In the realm of sport it is more or less frankly indulged in. For example, in connection with professional baseball there is an understanding in the Western League that a certain salary limit shall not be exceeded by any one team, yet it is exceeded, the team management camouflaging excess payments to players by numerous devices. Hockey is supposed to be an amateur sport in the West, but it is an open secret that rival clubs have been outbidding each other in order to secure exceptionally good players. In law, witnesses are sworn to tell the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth, yet questions are put to witnesses skillfully designed to suppress the whole truth, and often to convey an intentionally wrong meaning.

The church is declared to be founded on truth itself, yet conditions of life are so camouflaged from many a pulpit that people are deceived and a wholly-erroneous impression conveyed.

Much of our accepted form of political tactics is nothing more nor less than camouflage. Men are found denouncing the party form of government while engaged in the attempt to form another party in which they and their views will find more cordial acceptance than was accorded them by existing parties. Parties and individuals in opposition denounce patronage, and proceed to practice it when they succeed to office. The most outspoken democrats frequently the most eager seeker after titles and positions of honor. Scores and hundreds of men today openly advocate prohibition, but secretly vote against it, or connive at its violation when an attempt is made to enforce it.

Throughout the whole sphere of business that art of camouflage is practiced. All kinds of devices are employed by the profiteer to cover up his abnormal profits, stocks are watered, amounts written off as depreciation without warrant, capital expenditures treated as legitimate current costs of doing business, reserve funds created for purposes to which they will never be put. Working men advance high costs of living for wage demands out of all reason, the increased living expenses often being the result of waste and extravagance in living. Farmers demand the application of certain principles in the marketing of wheat, but when, as a result of a temporary change in conditions, they stand to lose, they denounce the very system they advocated and charge that it was adopted to advance other interests than their own. Advertising is often nothing more nor less than camouflage, and this is particularly true in connection with advance notices of theatrical productions, the flotation of mining and other companies, and similar propositions.

Yet in the long run none of these deceptions pay. Sporting organizations may defy their own agreements and keep bidding against each other until all are ruined and a limit reached; the pulpit which indulges in camouflage loses its power and influence for good; the politician is ultimately found out and cast aside by a public that has lost all confidence in him; false advertising and unscrupulous business methods may flourish for a season, but it is the business resting on a firm foundation of honesty and public service which achieves the most marked successes.

Camouflage served its purpose in the war, but the longer that terrible struggle lasted the less effective was camouflage and the more difficult it became to keep it up, as each development was quickly offset by another. So it is in everyday life. Hypocrisy and deceit may serve for a season, but that is all. Truth alone survives and continues triumphant.

The need of the world today is a return to the old principles and traditions of the past; a renaissance of old-time sterling honesty and adherence to truth and principle no matter what the outcome may be. People are becoming impatient of trickery and deceit. They are demanding an uncovering of stark, naked facts governing all conditions of life. The sooner the uncovering process takes place in all its fullness the better it will be for all.

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The publisher of the best Farmer's paper in the Maritime Provinces in writing to us states:

"I would say that I do not know of a medicine that has stood the test of time like MINARD'S LINIMENT. It has been an unerring remedy in our household ever since I can remember, and has outlived dozens of would-be competitors and imitators."

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CHILBLAINS

Easily and Quickly Cured with
EGYPTIAN LINIMENT
For Sore, Itchy, Red, Swollen, or
Bleeding Feet, Frost Bites, Nipples, etc.

Tobacco Grown in Southern Alberta

Success This Year at Experimental Farm Near Lethbridge.

Cigars made from tobacco grown in Southern Alberta were recently distributed at a dinner of the Rotary Club at Lethbridge. The tobacco was grown on the Dominion Experimental Farm near Lethbridge last summer. Seed of a cigar variety was obtained from Ottawa, and planted last spring under glass. Between fifty and sixty plants were afterwards transplanted in a sheltered spot in the open. They grew a prolific foliage, which was gathered early, and cured, and a very good cigar leaf obtained.

Mr. W. H. Fairclough, farm superintendent, is not at present making any predictions on the commercial possibilities of tobacco growing in Southern Alberta, but intends to carry the experiments further during the coming season.

Waiting wonders — if you keep busy while waiting.

WHEN NEURALGIA ATTACKS NERVES

Sloan's Liniment scatters the congestion and relieves the pain.

A little, applied without rubbing, will penetrate immediately and rest and soothe the nerves. Sloan's Liniment is very effective in allaying external pains, strains, bruises, aches, stiff joints, sore muscles, lumbago, neuritis, sciatica, rheumatic twinges, etc.

Keep a big bottle always on hand for family use. Druggists everywhere. 35c, 70c, \$1.40.—Made in Canada.

Sloan's Liniment
Keep it handy

Why Germany Weeps
Germany is weeping again. She has wept many times since the armistice. She will weep still more in the future. For, by her tears she hopes to dissolve the close alliance of America and the allies. If the separation comes, Germany's future course of action will be clear. Preparation for revenge can be safely begun. All of Germany's plans for revenge depend on America's future attitude toward the war-proven democracies of Europe.—Minneapolis News.

Faint and Dizzy Spells. Weakness and Shortness of Breath.

You can generally tell when the heart is affected by the faint and dizzy spells, the shortness of breath, palpitation, throbbing, irregular beating, smothering sensations, weak, sinking, all-gone feeling, choking sensation, etc.

Many men and women become rundown and worn out when otherwise they could be strong and healthy if they would only pay some attention to the first sign of heart weakness. No remedy would do so much to make the heart regain strength and vigor, regulate its beat and restore it to a healthy and normal condition as Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills.

Mrs. C. A. S. Drake, Paris, Ont., writes:—"I have used on towards the second box of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills and find they have done me good. I had those fainting, dizzy spells, once in a while, and also weakness and shortness of breath, and would become so choked up at times I could hardly sleep without sitting up in bed. When walking too fast I would have to stop and try to catch my breath. I feel a lot better since I have used your pills and know that they have helped me wonderfully as I have improved very much."

Price 50c, a box at all dealers or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

U. S. Settlers Expected

Big Influx Is Looked For In West During 1920.

An unusual influx of farm settlers is expected in the western provinces in 1920. Over 30 per cent of the farm settlers who came to Canada in 1919 were from the United States and Americans will form a large percentage in 1920. One reason is the unprecedented rise in the value of farm land in the middle western states. The average increase in the price of farm lands in Iowa in the last year has been \$100 an acre and the total increase in farm valuations is over a billion dollars.

A man may save money, but he need not hope to be saved by money.

W. N. U. 1300.

British Columbia's Great Mineral Wealth

The Mineral Resources Which Lie Practically Untouched in British Columbia.

Mr. Charles R. Hosmer, a director of the Canadian Pacific Railway and the Bank of Montreal, said in an interview with the Victoria Colonist: "Canada faces the future with confidence. Its banking position, which is the 'backbone' of the country, never was in a more satisfactory condition. This is also true of its leading industrial companies. They have been able during the last few years to fortify themselves against any setback that is likely to occur."

"We hear much of Canada's undeveloped resources of its pulp and paper, of its wonderful water powers which make these resources available and profitable, also of the steel, iron and shipbuilding industries on the Atlantic coast, and of its great north-western prairie lands, where an enormous increased production of hard wheat is possible and which is in demand the world over; but one hears very little of what seems to me to offer the greatest possibilities of all, and that is the mineral resources which lie practically untouched in British Columbia."

"The geological map, I believe, indicates that there exists a larger mining area in British Columbia than there is in either of the great mining centres in the United States, to the south or in Alaska to the north. In these territories to the south, which are practically bordering on British Columbia, there is, perhaps, ninety per cent of the developed mineral wealth of the United States, while in Alaska there are also very large and profitable mining operations; and that British Columbia has not procured its relative share, I am sure, is due largely to the fact that we have lacked the capital that has been so freely supplied to our neighbors."

"Within the last year new methods of treating the ores of British Columbia have been in successful operation, which promise in a short time to make this province one of the leading zinc and lead producing countries of the world. Similar methods are being similarly applied to the gold mines in the Rossland district, which will largely decrease the cost of production and will increase the output of the precious metal, which is so much desired from an all-world point of view."

To Fortify the System Against Grip Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets which destroy germs, act as a Tonic and Laxative, and thus prevent Colds, Grip and Influenza. There is only one "BROMO QUININE." E. W. GROVES' signature on the box.

Prince Albert's Progress

Bank Clearings Show Greater Percentage of Increase Than Any Other Western Canadian City.

The progress of Prince Albert, Saskatchewan, which week by week and month by month has been recorded in the bank clearings during the past year, was a consistent, steady growth, and was maintained from the beginning to the end of the year. The percentage of increase over the previous year was greater than any other city in Western Canada.

During 1919 the Prince Albert bank clearings totalled \$21,574,166, an increase of \$7,424,446 over 1918, or thirty-five per cent. The only other city in the west showing an increase over 20 per cent was Edmonton, which recorded 27 per cent. Saskatoon's increase was 13.8 per cent, Regina 10, and Moose Jaw 9 per cent.

The Financial Post, commenting on the remarkable showing of Canadian cities, points out that while the increased figures are to some extent due to the decreased purchasing power of the dollar, yet the size of the increase indicates definite commercial and industrial expansion. The totals of the Dominion are four times greater than twelve years ago, three times greater than ten years ago, and double the total eight years ago, so that the advance is definitely placed on material progress and prosperity.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, Etc.

Farmers ask for "a fair field and no favor" in the opportunity to enter the export market. The coordinated work of producer and packer will attain this in a business way if mutual confidence is not shaken by outside interference.

It is a much lesser crime in China to steal a neighbor's ox than to steal his dog. The former is simply personal property, while the latter takes the place of a man—a watchman.

Matches have not yet displaced the tinder-box in certain rural sections of Italy and Spain.

Turkey Talks of Peace With Dignity

Sultan Declares Reverses of War Cannot Injure Nation's Rights

Turkey's right to political existence is upheld in an address issued to the people by the Sultan. Hope is expressed that the peace to be concluded with the entente-powers will be one of dignity and will result in the retirement of allied forces, who are at present holding portions of the empire.

"Right dominates everything and nothing can destroy it," the address declares. "The reverses of war cannot injure a nation's right to political existence as long as its legislative and executive functions maintain close collaboration and unite their efforts toward safeguarding the rights and interests of the state. I hope it will be possible by divine grace to secure a peace safeguarding the unity of our empire as well as the honor and dignity of the nation, and assuring the deliverance of our invaded provinces."

"I appeal to parliament to support the government so that measures intended to repair the effects of war may be carried out, that all branches of administration may be reformed, and that the guarantees of the rights of minorities may be respected."

The need of most rapid economy is emphasized by the Sultan.

AN EXCELLENT MEDICINE FOR LITTLE ONES

Baby's Own Tablets are an excellent medicine for little ones. They are a mild but thorough laxative which sweeten the stomach and regulate the bowels, thus bringing relief in cases of constipation, indigestion, colic, colds and simple fevers. Con. The name of the Dr. J. Chasson, Paquette, N.B., writes:—"I have found Baby's Own Tablets excellent for my young baby in the case of constipation and colic and it gives me great pleasure to recommend them to other mothers." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Prize Winning Wheat

Champion Wheat Growers Compete at Saskatoon Seed Fair.

Some remarkably good exhibits are being shown at the Provincial Seed Fair at Saskatoon, Sask. Wheat, oats, barley, flax, potatoes, alfalfa and other seed are among the exhibits, which exceed in number those of previous years. Two fine samples of corn grown in the province are also included in the exhibit.

That the growing of prize winning wheat is not confined to one or two farmers in the province is proved by the success of A. N. Campbell, of Avonlea, in carrying off the championship trophy.

Among the previous winners of this trophy are Paul Gerlach, of Allan, Sask., and Seager Wheeler, but so keen is the competition that nobody has succeeded in winning the trophy two years in succession.

There are times when a charitable heart can do more good than a charitable hand.

Minard's Liniment Cures Stomper.

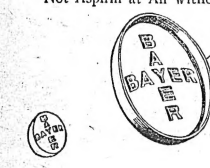
Tempting the Fates
"Do you know that Mabel has refused Jack four times?"

"Mercy! If she keeps on like that much longer he'll think she means it!"—Boston Transcript.

The word which is variously spelled as "catnap," "catnap" and "ketchup" is a corruption of the Chinese word "kitjap," the name given to an inferior kind of soy in China.

ONLY TABLETS MARKED "BAYER" ARE ASPIRIN

Not Aspirin at All without the "Bayer Cross"



The name "Bayer" identifies the only genuine Aspirin—the Aspirin prescribed by physicians for over nineteen years and now made in Canada. Always buy an unbroken package of "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" which is a fact. Larger "Bayer" packages.

contains proper directions for Cold, Headache, Toothache, Earache, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Neuritis, Joint Pains, and Pain generally. Ten boxes of 12 tablets cost but a few cents. Larger "Bayer" packages.

Aspirin is the trade mark registered in Canada and the United States. Aspirin is a registered trademark of Bayer. Aspirin is the trade mark registered in Canada and the United States. Aspirin is a registered trademark of Bayer. Aspirin is the trade mark registered in Canada and the United States. Aspirin is a registered trademark of Bayer.

How I Cured My Rheumatism

BY PETER SAWALA

I threw away my crutches in seven days, in two months, I was a well man—and I have never had a twinge from rheumatism since. This is what the remedy, which I obtained from my uncle in Greece, did for me. I went home to Greece crippled, broken in spirit—sick, I returned to this country in two months, absolutely free of every trace of rheumatism.

The whole story of my life in America—how I became crippled with rheumatism and how I found the treatment which uprooted the disease and drove it out of my body—I will gladly tell you FREE.

It makes no difference how swollen or distorted your joints may be, how severe the pain or how discouraged you are; I feel sure that I have the means of helping you to find relief in a few days and a lasting cure in just a few weeks.

Send no money. Just write me personally. Say—"Tell me how you can cure my rheumatism, and I will cure mine. Address your letter or post card to Peter Sawala, 59 St. Peter St., 1st Montreal, Que."

Alberta's Mines Could Easily Double Output

Equipment Sufficient to Turn Out Ten Million Tons of Coal Annually.

The equipment and labor now available in the coal mines of Alberta is sufficient to turn out ten million tons of coal annually. During December nearly 800,000 tons of coal was mined in the province. This quantity could easily be produced every month with the present available equipment, so that in twelve months there would be no difficulty in reaching an output of ten million tons if this quantity could be disposed of.

The total output of coal in 1919 was five million tons, or just about a million tons less than in 1918. The strike during the summer was responsible for the reduced output in 1919 as compared with that of the previous year.

SUFFERING CATS! GIVE THIS MAN THE GOLD MEDAL

He looks better than you do, but he's better. Wear shoes a size smaller if you like, for corns will never again send electric sparks of pain through you, according to this Cincinnati authority.

He says that a few drops of a drug called frezone, applied directly upon a tender, aching corn, instantly relieves soreness, and soon the entire corn, root and all, lifts right out. This drug is a sticky ether compound, but dries at once and simply shrivels up the corn without inflaming or even irritating the surrounding tissue.

It is claimed that a quarter of an ounce of frezone obtained at any drug store will cost very little, but is sufficient to remove every hard or soft corn or callus from one's feet. Cut this out, especially if you are a woman reader who wears high heels.

He Ought to Know
A soldier from the front applied to the hotel for a job as cook.

"What can you cook?" asked the hotelman.

"Anything, sir," was the reply. "Well, how do you make hash?"

"You don't make it, sir," said the soldier. "It just accumulates."

A little more than a century ago, in 1800, laws were passed by the British parliament, which imposed very heavy penalties on any who conspired to raise wages.

No young man is quite as good as his best girls thinks his picture looks.

Canada Free To Voice Views On the League

MONTREAL.—Hon. N. W. Rowell, president of the privy council, speaking before the McGill University club, gave an emphatic reply to the objections to certain United States senators to representation of Canada and other British dominions on the League of Nations. He pointed out that Canada had won a position as practically an independent nation although still part of the commonwealth of nations that made up the British Empire. Hence, Canada was as free as any other nation to voice its views at the council of the League of Nations, and would even disagree with Great Britain if such a course seemed proper to her.

Mr. Rowell concluded his address by saying: "No nation will finally put itself on record as denying to Canada the right to a voice in the preservation of the peace which her soldiers did so much to win while our nation claims a vote for other nations of much less intrinsic importance which may have done little or nothing in the war."

"Canada has won her right to a place in the assembly of nations by the blood of her sons, and this right, thus won, the Canadian people will never surrender."

Charge of Melting Down British Coins

Men Were Arrested Under Provisions of Defence of the Realm Act

LONDON.—Testimony was taken in the case of six persons in connection with Harry Lewis, a barrister, and Chamberlain, diamond merchant, who are charged with having broken up and melted gold coins. They were arrested under a provision of the Defence of the Realm Act.

The testimony tended to show that no less than 10,000 sovereigns in gold coin were withdrawn from the Bank of England in the course of a year by the accused. The total weight of the metal was ten hundredweight. The lawyers, on behalf of the Crown, asserted that the defendants had organized a remarkable system for securing coins, which were melted down and the gold sold.

During December alone, it was charged, they disposed of bar gold worth £9,400 sterling, while in the course of the month they succeeded in getting 26,000 sovereigns from the bank.

Lady Astor May Second Address

LONDON.—Suggestions have been made that Lady Astor, the only woman member of the House of Commons, be called upon to move or second the address replying to the King's speech from the throne on the occasion of the re-opening of parliament on February 10. The Mirror speculates whether Lady Astor, in case she is chosen for either place, will wear full court dress in accordance with the tradition which prescribes that the member making the motion or seconding it shall wear a uniform or court costume.

Holland Prepares Reply to Demand Of the Allies

THE HAGUE.—The reply of the Dutch government to the demand of the allied powers that the former German emperor be given up to them for trial is being drafted and will be forwarded shortly to the Dutch minister at Paris for communication to the allies.

Although Holland is determined to stick closely to diplomatic precedent and not publish nor intimate the text of the reply until it is delivered, there is apparently no cause at the present time to make any change in the predictions of the Dutch newspapers that the Dutch government will decline to accede to the demand. The Associated Press was informed by a high official that the former German emperor had been in no way consulted about the reply, nor had he even been officially informed of the demand for his extradition.

The Vatterland says: "The Dutch government will probably answer that it is her international duty to refuse extradition. It will

Advance Guard of German Diplomats

Secretaries and Attaches Take Up Residence in Paris

PARIS.—The advance guard of the German diplomatic mission to Paris has arrived here. It comprises secretaries and attaches, who took up their residence in the former German embassy. Wilhelm Meyer, who is to be the German charge d'affaires, is due to reach Paris soon. Baron von Tauter, minister plenipotentiary, delegate to the peace conference and an expert on reparation questions, accompanied the mission.

Ross Rifle Factory Settlement

Will Receive Two Million Dollars From the Government

OTTAWA.—The government, acting on the advice of its counsel, Messrs. Tilley and Meredith, Toronto, has finally settled for two million dollars the claim of Sir Charles Ross for compensation for the expropriation of his rifle factory and plant at Quebec under the War Measures Act in March of 1917.

The case was pending in the Exchequer court and was to have come up for hearing this coming spring, the court's award being limited to a maximum of three million dollars, according to the terms of the order-in-council granting the fiat.

Sir Charles Ross, though advised by his own counsel that the full amount allowed by the limitations of the order-in-council could be secured from the court, agreed to accept the two million dollars offered by the government in view of a quick and final settlement. The cheque was paid over to him.

It is understood that the government's own experts, who valued the physical assets expropriated, reported an amount in substantial excess of the two millions which Sir Charles has now agreed to accept.

Italy Under Martial Law

General Railway Strike Has Tied Up the Country

PARIS.—Northern and Central Italy are in the grip of a general railway strike, but Southern Italy is not so seriously affected, according to the Paris correspondent of the Petit Parisien. "The Italian government was able to run a few trains over the principal lines, the trains being heavily guarded by troops armed with machine guns."

Martial law is enforced in the principal cities of the country, the streets of which are patrolled by cavalry and are under the guns of artillery units, it is said. Stores, theatres, and all places of business are ordered to close at eight o'clock in the evening, and everyone is forbidden to use automobiles or bicycles. Police authorities have ordered the magistrates of all autonomous municipalities to prevent the strikers using the machines.

Prince Reaffirms Intention Of Re-visiting Canada

Says He Is Still Receiving Large Mail, But Not All From Fair Sex

LONDON.—The Prince of Wales was the guest at a large and enthusiastic dinner of the Pilgrims. More than three hundred persons were present. The Prince made a speech, partly serious, partly humorous. With some modesty he delivered personal touches here and there and had a clamorous reception. The Prince reaffirmed his intention to revisit Canada, particularly the middle and far west, saying that the best proof that one had enjoyed a visit was his earnest desire to repeat it. He remarked: "I am still receiving a large amount of mail from the United States—and not all of it from the fair sex," which provoked great merriment.

Another spontaneous touch was greatly cheered. Referring to the chairman's remark that the Prince, after his tour, was again domiciled as a citizen of England, His Royal Highness said:

"I hope I am domiciled as a citizen of the British Empire."

Wearing the broad ribbon of the Garter and his war medals, the Prince shook hands with all the guests as they arrived.

"My right hand is in a pretty bad condition from handshaking. I hope the Pilgrims won't mind if I use my left," he remarked to the chairman, Lord Desborough, exhibiting his right hand, which was red and swollen. It was noted, however, that the older man gave his right hand, while to the rank and file he gave his left.

Expect Immigration Of Carpet Weavers

Are Attracted to Canada By Higher Wages and Lower Cost of Living

LONDON.—Passengers on board the Scandinavian, leaving Liverpool, included carpet weavers from Halifax and Kildermister, said to be attracted towards Canada by higher wages. Representatives of Canadian manufacturers state that in addition to earning higher wages, the prospects for the weavers were brighter in Canada, because food was cheaper than in England.

There also appears a letter from Bishop Perrin, of Walsden, and the clergy of British Columbia, who writes on behalf of the Church Emigration Society, appealing for help for clergy who wish to settle in the British dominions.

An overseas appointment, adds the bishop, though it may not mean much in increased pay, frequently provides better openings for children. It is hard that clergy should miss this chance for lack of a comparatively small sum.

Seminoff Assuming Rulership

Commander of All-Russian Armies Has Taken Control of Siberia

HARBIN, Siberia.—Gen. Semenov, commander-in-chief of the all-Russian armies, has issued a proclamation declaring that he has assumed the supreme rulership of Siberia. According to Gen. Semenov's representative here, his assumption of supreme power is only temporary and is due to the fact that the whereabouts of Admiral Kolchak is unknown.

German Horse Market

BERLIN.—Historic Koenigsplatz was converted into a horse market. This market will be conducted by the city of Berlin in pursuance to the provisions of the Versailles treaty, which calls for delivery of horses to France and Belgium. Owners of horses in this city were threatened with heavy money fines if they failed the make an appearance, and the result was a gathering of horses of all breeds. As the general average was below the required standard, most of the animals were returned to owners. The better class of steeds is being held back in the rural and farming districts.

Soldiers' Pay in England

LONDON.—Disatisfaction is being shown by Canadian soldiers still here that their payments are being made in English currency with a consequent loss of exchange. This they allege is contrary to enlistment conditions. At a meeting here, they appointed a committee of nine to request that Canadian currency be used in future, and to recover back balances. If necessary, they will enforce their rights by constitutional procedure.

Every man should know something about law, and if he knows enough to keep out of it he is a pretty good lawyer.

W. N. U. 1300.

Asquith Once Again Is A Candidate

Former Premier Will Probably Be Faced With Exciting Struggle

LONDON.—Ex-Premier Asquith seeks to return to parliament through the by-elections in the Paisley constituency, arising out of the death of Sir J. McCallum. The local Liberals adopted Mr. Asquith as their candidate. Already a Labor candidate, J. M. Biggar, is in the field, and as the Coalitionists had previously decided not to contest the seat if Mr. Asquith were selected, there is likely to be a straight fight between the Liberal and Labor candidates unless, as is considered improbable, the Unionists run a man.

In view of the recent Spen Valley (West Riding of Yorkshire) by-election, where the Laborite, Tom Myers, won over the Liberal candidate, Sir John Simon, former Home Secretary, and further because at a general election Mr. Biggar was very few votes behind McCallum, the struggle should prove an exciting one.

Husband's Love Worth Million Dollars

Woman Sues Another for Alienating Husband's Affection

NEW YORK.—Charged with alienating the affections of the late Theodore P. Shonts, president of the Interborough Rapid Transit company, Mrs. Amanda C. Thomas, residuary legatee of his estate, was made the defendant in a \$1,000,000 damage suit brought by Mrs. Milla Shonts, widow of the railway president, whom she married in 1881.

In 1906, Mrs. Shonts alleges, Mrs. Thomas became acquainted with her husband and thereafter succeeded in gaining his affections, and by her articles and wiles enticed Theodore P. Shonts from the society of the plaintiff.

British Interests in Mexico

U.S. Oil Men Have Difficulties Through Not Complying With the Law

MEXICO CITY.—Reports reaching Mexico City that the Mexican Government was favoring British oil companies were denied by Joaquin Santalla, chief of the oil bureau of the department of industry, commerce and labor. He asserted American oil companies were encountering difficulties because "they have not shown a disposition to comply with the regulations of the oil decree of Jan. 18, 1918, and also constitutional provisions regarding the necessity of submitting to Mexican law."

On the other hand, British companies are declared by Senor Santalla to be encountering no difficulties.

British companies, the bureau chief said, are pushing their work vigorously "because they have complied with every governmental regulation relating to incorporation under Mexican laws, and have followed the regulations governing oil land holdings."

No Sugar Shortage in Russia

Enormous Store in Ukraine Ready for Export When Blockade Lifted

WASHINGTON.—Four hundred million pounds of sugar, 20,000,000 bushels of wheat and large quantities of hides and other materials, stored in the Ukraine, will be made available for the general blockade of Russia is lifted, according to an announcement by the Ukrainian Mission in America. "Ukraine needs medicines, surgical instruments, clothing and agricultural machinery," according to the mission, which said the lack of medicines and clothing alone had reduced to very great areas of the Ukraine. It was added that the receipt of needed supplies would greatly assist the Ukrainians in fighting the Bolsheviks.

Not Obligated to Surrender

BERLIN.—In response to an inquiry as to what he advised those persons to do whose names are on the extradition list of the entente, Gen. Ludendorff, former first quartermaster-general, said: "Nobody is obliged to surrender himself voluntarily. It is no breach of honor to place one's self outside the pale of arrest."

Ship \$1,500,000 Gold Into India

NEW YORK.—Withdrawal of \$1,500,000 gold from the sub-treasury for shipment to India excited considerable interest among the international bankers. The shippers are understood to represent a British bank with connections in India, Australia and China.

Anti-Bolshevik Forces Are Now In Better Position

General Strike in Canada Proposed

Vote Taken Favors Action as Protest Against Conviction of Russell

WINNIPEG.—A vote favoring a general strike throughout the length and breadth of Canada as a protest against the trial and conviction of R. B. Russell, strike leader was adopted at last Sunday's closed meeting of labor bodies, under the auspices of the Labor Defence League, H. Kemper, business agent, announced. It was decided, however, to bring the matter to the attention of British Labor leaders. Another meeting to discuss this matter will be held.

Hun War "Reds"

BERLIN.—In addition to arresting communists and independent socialist leaders, the government is suppressing radical newspapers throughout the country. Fifteen journals have been placed under an indefinite ban.

Offers of Aid for Austria

Received Daily By Government From Points in Every Province

OTTAWA.—Offers of assistance for the starving populations of Austria are being received daily by the government. They come from points in every province. At a number of centres comforts are being collected. The government while welcoming all private assistance, is awaiting further communication from the imperial authorities before announcing its policy.

The British government has suggested shipment by the Dominion of a cargo of wheat or flour, with participation in the establishment of credit.

The British government is supplementing dollar for dollar all contributions raised by private effort in the United Kingdom.

Huns to Answer for Crimes

Final List Is Supposed to Contain Somewhat Less Than 500 Names

PARIS.—The final list of Germans whose extradition will be asked by the allies, as approved by the supreme council, is supposed to contain somewhat less than 500 names out of the original 1,400 accused by the different allies.

It is understood the list has not yet been delivered to the Germans, and the delay in handing it over is taken in some quarters to indicate that negotiations are still in progress. The Germans are insisting strongly upon trial of the accused in their courts.

Further Outrages Are Reported From Ireland

DUBLIN.—Assistant Commissioner of Police Redmond was shot and killed in Harcourt street, one of Dublin's main thoroughfares.

When assailed, Mr. Redmond endeavored to draw his own pistol, but was unable to do so before he was shot down. He was found gripping his pistol, which was in his pocket. Mr. Redmond recently was brought to Dublin from Belfast, where he had been a successful constabulary officer, to assist in co-ordinating the Dublin police, and to ensure increased efficiency in the detective service in view of the murder of several policemen, for which no arrests have been made.

Thurles.—Another constable was shot and badly wounded while returning to his home here. Armed squads later searched the district and entered several houses, looking for the assassins of the constable, and also sold up and questioned pedestrians. No arrests were made.

Several crashes of glass during the evening were followed by volleys from the rifles of the police. The shooting occurred within a few yards of the hotel where Mr. Redmond was stopping. This hotel is almost opposite the recently closed Sinn Fein headquarters. The dead

man was 40 years of age and had made great changes in the Dublin detective department, having placed in it several men from the north of Ireland.

LONDON.—A dispatch from Thurles says the disturbance there arose out of the retaliation of the shooting of a constable. In some cases hand grenades were thrown into houses and shots fired through doors and windows.

"The residence of Charles Culhane, president of the Sinn Fein club," says the dispatch, "was roughly treated. Every pane of glass in the lower part of the house was smashed and bullets passed through the upstairs windows and smashed windows and furniture. Policemen burst in the hall-door and searched the house for Culhane, but he had left, declaring that he would be a dead man if he were found."

The English parliamentary labor delegates arrived in Thurles in the midst of the excitement. The populace thronged the streets, discussing the night's disorders. The police manifestly were irritated and resentful on account of the attack upon their comrade, Constable Fiances, who is now in a Dublin hospital. It is believed he will die.

Meanwhile, the River Don is so swollen by heavy rains as to render it difficult of passage, and the Don and Caucasus armies have thus gained a valuable respite, which will be used fully in reforming and raising further reinforcements that should shortly be available to replace the casualties of the retreat. Moreover, the imminent danger to their country has caused both the Don and Kuban Cossacks to rally wholeheartedly around the government and afford full support to Denikine.

The Bolshevik advance in Siberia appears to have slowed down. The allied high commissioner has received a communication from Admiral Kolchak at Nijni-Udinsk stating that he is remaining there with the ministers of his suite, whose fate he intends to share.

Oppose Bone-Dry Ontario

Toronto.—Dr. Andrew S. Grant, secretary of the Ontario referendum committee, is quoted in an interview here as saying:

"Ontario is not bone dry. You can get beer of this strength and what of this strength in this province legally. There is no good object attained by jumping from one extreme to the other as they have done in the United States. There are many men who have grown accustomed to liquor and they can still get their nighttime in this province. It is a good thing they can. It is a safety-valve for them."

To Support Home Markets

Toronto.—The Canadian Reconstruction association is appealing to urban municipalities throughout Canada to support the home market by purchasing made-in-Canada products by means of a special letter from the president, which is being sent to clerks of cities, towns and villages.

NOTICE

beg to notify my many friends
and customers that I have moved
into larger and more convenient
premises, opposite the Union
bank

Come in and see me

Chinook Harness Shop

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Is prepared to conduct all kinds of
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Let us do your Auction Sale
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Office: 2nd floor Bank of Toronto.
Special appointments for out-
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Will be at the Acadia Hotel, Chinook
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Highest Prices Paid.
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For real satisfaction ship your
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Regular first-class meals, 40c
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Very reasonable

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All orders promptly attended
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Office: Opp. Crown Lumber
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CHINOOK MARKETS

Wheat, No. 1	\$1 91
" No. 2	1 88
" No. 3	1 83
Oats, No. 2, Canada West	66
Oats, feed	63
Barley	1.00
Flax	3.80
Corn	
Live Hogs (Calgary)	70 00
Eggs	75
Butter	50

Notice

A Pure-bred, Duroc Jersey Boar
kept at north half 5-26-7
S. A. Wilton, Rearville

For Sale

Number of White Wyndotte
Roosters for sale or exchange.

A. SPREEMAN

17-27-8 Collholme P.O.

Notice

Young Duroc Boar kept on
half 6-28-7

Free Distribution Of Flax Seed

For some years past the Canadian government has distributed samples of high class wheat, oats, and barley free of cost to farmers applying for them. The object is, of course, to encourage the use of pure seed. The distribution is made from the cereal division of the Dominion Experiment Farm at Ottawa.

This season, for the first time, samples of flax seed are being distributed free to farmers. The samples contain about two pounds of seed, enough to sow about one-third of an acre. The quantity of flax seed available this season is very small, and enough requests have already been received to dispose of it all; but applications for samples of flax for the production of seed can be accepted for some little time yet, though the number will necessarily be limited. These samples will be reserved chiefly for farmers in districts where the cultivation of flax for seed has been found profitable. The variety of flax for fibre purposes, which is being distributed, is a new selected strain, named Longstem, and it has already made a name for itself as a singularly fine variety.

A "Hide-and-Seek" Sea

One of Wonders of Imperial Valley in California

An inland sea which, according to geologists, has changed from sea to desert, and back again to sea, at least 50 times since its inception, is one of the wonders of the Imperial Valley in California. At the present time the Salton Sea, which is 160 feet below the ocean's level, is receding from its banks at the rate of approximately a mile a year. Today the sea is 18 miles long and nine miles wide at its widest point. In the heat of the torrid season the temperature in its neighborhood is from 10 to 20 degrees cooler than that of the surrounding country and outdoor dances are held on one of the abandoned fishers' left high and dry by the receding waters. The Salton Sea is situated in the very heart of the principal date-producing region of America. The land left bare by the retreating waters is eagerly sought by agriculturists, who stake their claims far out into the water in anticipation of further recessions. The soil is of salt-saturated adobe dry and very fertile. Mud volcanoes, miniature geysers, and bubbling "paintpots" attract many tourists to the spot. The quality of the colored pigment thrown up by the volcanic "paintpots" is declared to rival the best European sienna and umber. Utilization of this new-found color supply may soon render the continuation of European imports of such pigment unnecessary.

Irrigation and Production

Farmers Raise Large Crops Year After Year Whether the Natural Rainfall Is Ample or Not.

The value of irrigation in Southern Alberta is very forcibly illustrated by a comparison of the quantity of wheat loaded and stored at the principal date-producing region of America. Though only a comparatively new station, Coldlake received 112,000 bushels of 1919 wheat before the end of the year, leaving 75,300 bushels in store. This is more than twice as much as shipped from any other station in this part of the province. The station being the nearest to it with 91,116 bushels a district which in normal years produces more than a million bushels of wheat.

The reason of Coldlake's comparatively heavy shipments of wheat is irrigation. Farmers in this district are not dependent upon the rainfall, but raise large crops year after year whether the natural rainfall is ample or not. Besides the big crops of wheat farmers in this district also had heavy crops of alfalfa hay, which has very good returns this year.

German Ship as Breakwater

The people living around the Bay of Skallin on the west coast of Pomerania, the largest of the Orkney Islands, Scotland, have, it is stated, sent a request to the government to arrange for one of the German dreadnaughts to be taken to Skallin Bay and then to be submerged full of cement on the shallow reef at the entrance to the bay so as to form both a breakwater and a pier. It is claimed that this would be a simple way of establishing a valuable fishing station.

Most men are better acquainted with faith and hope than they are with charity.

Never look a toy-pistol in the muzzle

Control of Natural Resources

Plan for Development of Saskatchewan's Resources Is Made By Provincial Member.

The impossibility of adequate development of natural resources taking place as long as they were controlled by a central government, so far remote as Ottawa, was stressed by J. G. Gardiner (North Qu'Appelle) in the Saskatchewan legislature. He also advanced the plea that the university was the logical place to conduct research work if only the province were in a position to make use of it for that purpose.

An indication that the resolution is likely to receive the unanimous support of all parties in the assembly was given in the few remarks by W. O. Fraser, Conservative member for Souris, who supported the principle of the resolution.

Alberta's Dairy Production

Provincial Department of Agriculture Has Given Real Aid to the Creamery Business.

During 1918 Alberta stood third among the provinces of the Dominion in the amount of creamery butter manufactured and marketed. "For a baby western province to have achieved this enviable record in so short a time is cause for congratulation," says the "Alberta Farmer" editorially. "One special reason for the fine showing we are making lies in the fact that this particular business. There is no province in the whole Dominion where natural dairying advantages are so numerous, or where the business offers such splendid rewards for minimum effort of an intelligent sort.

For what we have already achieved credit is to a considerable extent due to the provincial department of agriculture, which has given real aid to the creamery business, and is still continuing that aid. Last year we obtained more than four millions for our creamery butter product. With a continuance of intelligent dairying and the accessions to the ranks of "four dairymen" there is no reason to believe that this income is doubled and trebled. There is practically no limit to the possibilities of the business in Alberta, when the export trade is taken into account."

Improving the Herds

Breeding High Class Cattle Pays and

Is Generally More Economical. Hereford breeders in Alberta have brought their herds up to such a degree of quality now that when discriminating purchasers are looking around for high class animals they do not have to go outside of the province to get them. The Willow Springs Ranch at Carstairs, Alberta, has been supplying farmers in Western Canada with a number of well bred herd leaders lately.

One of the most admired young animals on the ranch was sold a few days ago to a farmer at Mirror, Alberta, for \$3,500. Another was purchased by E. W. Reynolds, who farms at Clive, Alberta, for \$1,000. More and more farmers in this province are securing pure bred animals for the purpose of improving their herds. Two yearlings and a two year old heifer sent to P. Martin of Rainton, Saskatchewan, were also among the recent purchases at the Willow Springs Ranch. Breeding high class cattle pays in Alberta as anywhere else, and is generally more economical here.

Alberta Butter

Better Prices for Cream Increases Output of Province.

Production of creamery butter in Alberta is considerably greater this winter than in any previous winter, and the total production in 1920 is expected to be 25 per cent or approximately 2,500,000 pounds greater than in 1919. Statements to this effect were made by C. Marker, provincial dairy commissioner. Commissioner Marker said that the development of the output of creamery butter was due to a growing interest in the dairy business among farmers because of the high prices being paid for cream. The selling price of creamery butter in Calgary during the summer season of 1919 was 106.85 per cent, higher than the selling price during the summer season of 1914.

At six months a baby walrus will eat 50 pounds of codfish a day.

Palatial Sleeping Cars

New Equipment Secured by Canadian National Railways Equal to Anything on the Continent.

President D. B. Hanna, of the Canadian National Railways, with Mr. A. J. Mitchell, vice-president; Mr. M. H. MacLeod, vice-president in charge of operations; Mr. Walter Pratt, manager of sleeping, dining and parlor car, hotel and news department, and Mr. George E. Smart, master car builder, recently inspected the first of a series of new steel sleeping cars being built for the Canadian National Railways. The car was on a siding at the Don station in clear light and was carefully inspected by the party of railway officials. President Hanna later expressed himself as highly gratified because of the excellence of this Canadian-made equipment. The members of the party were satisfied that the sleeping car, which was named "Toronto," is quite the equal of anything of its kind on this continent.

There are 18 of these steel sleepers to be delivered to the Canadian National Railways and they have been given the following names: Toronto, Jasper, Lucerne, Kamloops, Chilliwack, Vancouver, Victoria, Halifax, Truro, Moncton, St. John, Newcastle, New Glasgow, Fredericton, Charlottetown, Edmundston, Charlemagne, Bonaventure.

In addition to the car inspected there are seven that are practically ready for delivery to the company, and the remainder of the 18 should be delivered by the end of the month. They will, as received, be placed in service between Toronto and Ottawa and on the transcontinental service of Canadian National Railways between both oceans.

These cars are thoroughly insulated to prevent cold and frost penetrating in extreme weather. Special attention has been given to the end construction to prevent telescoping in the case of accident and the cars have been built throughout with the idea of giving the greatest strength consistent with weight for the safety of the travelling public. Each car weighs 104,000 lbs. The extreme length is 82 feet 4 1/2 inches. They are equipped with an all-steel truck, specially designed to stop the train in the shortest possible distance, and they have the most up-to-date system of brake arrangement installed on any passenger car in North America.

Both upper and lower berths are provided with lights, and there are also aisle lights below the seats so that at night, when the lights are turned out in the body of the car, light is provided under the ends of the berths in the aisle for the convenience of passengers passing through. Switches and push buttons for berths are equipped with what is called "radiant" push buttons that they can be readily located at night when lights are out. The upper berths have been so arranged with a locking device that they can be absolutely prevented from closing. The other departments in the car have been accorded the same measure of consideration, and altogether, this new Canadian National equipment should be highly satisfactory to the public as the cars are placed in service, which will be almost immediately.

Means Agricultural Prosperity

One Person in Every Twelve in Saskatchewan Owns an Auto.

When a province with a population of about 750,000 has almost 50,000 automobiles in use, or an average of one to every twelve persons, it is fairly obvious that that province is enjoying a reasonable amount of prosperity. This, in a community where the majority of its population is dependent on the products of the land, means agricultural prosperity.

More than 58,820 automobile licenses were taken out in the province of Saskatchewan, or approximately 8,000 in excess of the number taken in 1918, according to figures compiled by the motor license department of the Saskatchewan government.

Japan Sends Arms to Mexico.

Government reports that a recent big shipment of arms and ammunition to Mexico was escorted by a Japanese cruiser have been sent to San Antonio, for the information of the senate committee investigating the Mexican situation. That Mexico had received war supplies from Japan and that official and unofficial Mexico has lately been entertaining with a show of much enthusiasm officers and men from a Japanese warship was known, but until now agents who are gathering information to be studied by the committee had not learned of any direct connection between the two.

W. N. U. 1300.

Large Investments In Saskatchewan

Companies With the Largest Investments are Canadian and British.

The report of the provincial treasurer for the fiscal year ending April 1, 1919, states that there is now invested in the province, by insurance companies, a sum of \$28,000,000, although the companies making the investments derive a premium revenue of only \$10,398,000 from policies written in Saskatchewan. The companies with the largest investments in this province are Canadian and British, the Canadian Life Insurance Company heading the list with \$5,900,000.

Mortgage and loan companies have also a large financial stake in Saskatchewan, amounting to \$37,000,000. The companies with the largest investment are all Canadian and British, with the exception of the Credit Foncier.

The Mortgage Company of Canada and the North of Scotland Mortgage Company head the list with about \$5,000,000 each.

During the period covered by the report, 185 concerns, with authorized capital of \$33,580,000, were incorporated. 33 companies increased their capital from \$18,000,000 to \$48,000,000; and, in addition, 94 rural telephone companies were incorporated, and 30 other such companies increased their capital.

The report showed a revenue of \$195,000 from corporation taxes, and over \$700,000 from auto licenses.

Loan company managers, interviewed regarding the report, stated that the figures for the present year would show a large increase, as there was a brisk demand for mortgage loans, equalling, if not surpassing the year 1913, when the business was at its height for this province.

Rival Companies Race for Oil

Big Oil Pool Under the Alberta Prairie. White Geologists State, Exacts.

Hundreds of thousands of dollars will be spent in Alberta in the search of oil during the present year, and the area of development will extend right from the international boundary to the McKenzie River basin.

Southern Alberta will see the greatest display of big capital in the enterprise. Last summer the Imperial Oil Company announced and commenced a scheme for a thorough investigation of Alberta's oil resources. The development work proper hardly got rightly started when the winter set in, but the next spring this company will be at it in good shape.

It is said that the Shell Oil Company, the world's rival of the Standard Oil Company, and in which the British government is interested to the extent of \$100,000,000, is busy investigating the field, and has already picked up large lease holdings throughout Southern Alberta preparatory to development which will rival that announced by the Imperial Oil Company. With these two companies racing to see which will be the first to find the big pool under the Alberta prairie which geologists state exists, there will be a new impetus to legitimate development.

A number of private concerns are also spending money in the effort to find oil. One of the most important of these is the Boston Company which is drilling the well south of Cardston, known as the Cutter camp. This company recently brought in a whole new drilling rig, declared to be the largest ever imported into Canada, and is putting down a well with a hole which starts at 24 inches at the surface. The company is making good headway and is prepared to go a great depth as it is now very generally accepted that the big oil in Alberta will be found in the deeper strata.

The Calgary company which owns the old Linchman well is also drilling a new well and is shipping some oil from the old original well.

The Imperial Oil Company will be drilling two wells in the south, one at Dry Fork, south of Pincher, and one west of Nanton.

To Save Old Furniture.

Historic pieces of furniture and those which have the merit of being ancient, have been collected from various governmental offices by order of Premier Clemenceau, and sent to the museum of decorative arts. Among them are a secretary and a desk owned by Louis XV., a Louis XVI. sideboard, and a wonderful example of the same period. Premier Clemenceau wished to preserve these souvenirs as he is able to recall an occasion when a minister of war got rid of a piece of furniture, which a dealer in antiques bought for about 100 francs, had it repaired and sold it for 30,000 francs.

The mortality under chloroform is only one person in 10,000.

Progression of Mixed Farming

Order in Council

To Govern Aircraft By an Order-In-Council.

Regulations for Canada as Announced By an Order-In-Council. Regulations to which all persons operating aircraft in Canada, whether for private or commercial purposes, will in the future be required to conform have been approved by the governor-in-council and will shortly be distributed. They provide for the registration, by the Canada air board, of all aircraft and the issuance of certificates to pilots, without which certificate no person can fly in Canada. These certificates are obtainable only after applicants have satisfied the board, by certain stipulated tests, that they are qualified to operate a machine, and have also passed a medium examination. In the case of pilots operating machines for commercial purposes, medical examinations must be passed every six months, and in the case of private flyers, every 12 months.

An interesting feature of the regulations is that all registered aircraft are subject to call of the state in time of war, and that all persons holding commercial pilot's certificates become, during a war period, members of the Canadian Air Force. All air harbors are subject to the control of the military authorities during war time. Machines must bear certain markings which are clearly indicated in the regulations and aero and seaplane stations are also marked. No passenger aircraft is permitted to carry any explosive, and mails shall not be carried without the written authority of the postmaster-general. A pilot's certificate does not authorize him to fly for height or for any reward except a prize in a contest under the auspices of a recognized aeronautical association. He must, before taking up a passenger, have completed at least 10 hours' solo flying and must make at least five flights of certain stipulated heights and distances before being counted eligible for a certificate. Commercial pilot's certificates, it is provided, shall not be granted to persons under 19 years of age, and only after the satisfaction of technical, medical and flying tests. These include a cross-country or overseas flight of at least 175 miles, beginning and ending at the same point, and a night flight of thirty minutes at a height of at least 1,500 feet above the ground.

The question of customs collections at the international boundary has been solved by a ruling to the effect that all aircraft flying across the line will be required to stop at one of the border stations for examination. Foreign aircraft must not conduct a business of transporting passengers or freight between points within the boundaries of Canada, but may carry them from a point in the U.S. to a point in Canada.

In the pamphlet which is being printed by the air board and which will include all the regulations, the conventions relating to international air navigation were agreed upon, subject to certain reservations, by the international commission of aerial navigation which was constituted as a sub-commission of the peace conference.

Fairies in Ireland Still

Ireland Has Nothing to Complain of, So Far As Celtic Britain Is Concerned.

British statements of succeeding years have done their utmost to reduce the evils of the past. But though Ireland has received a measure of financial and industrial help which has placed her people, in many ways, at an advantage to the English, though the financial burdens placed upon her have been less severe, and the land laws given to her incredibly less burdensome, there has, nevertheless, remained the religious diffidence, intruding itself into every attempted settlement, and keeping the "Black North" and the poverty stricken South in a state of perpetual warfare. Ireland has probably nothing to complain of today, so far as Great Britain is concerned, except the emotions of the past springing perpetually and with renewed force from the instincts of a people to whom fairies are still "the little people," and whose history is contained in the legend of Cathleen in Houllihan and songs such as "The Wearing of the Green."—Christian Science Monitor.

Iceland has only one policeman, and his beat is in the capital, Reykjavik. The residents are so orderly that he has little to do.

One common commodity is music. It is sold by the chord.

An illustration of the development of mixed farming in many districts in Central and Northern Saskatchewan and Alberta is a report received from Wadena, Sask., recently. This district has been blessed with a bumper crop. Yields of wheat are reported at from thirty-five to forty-five bushels to the acre and oats at from seventy to ninety bushels to the acre. Each of the four large elevators is full to the limit and the grain cannot be moved fast enough for the farmer.

But it is not on grain only that this district and many others similar to it are relying. In one week in October a train load of cattle valued at nearly one hundred thousand dollars were shipped to the United States. Other heavy shipments have also been made. In place of these a number of heavy shipments of cattle have been brought in, and more are still arriving in a steady stream. Sheep are also being brought into the district in large numbers. One farmer alone has just received 1,500 head and was bringing in another three thousand head.

The local creamery has beaten all records in its history for increasing its number of patrons and the quantity of butter made. During September just past, more butter was made at this creamery than during the whole of its first two years' operations.

Negro Invents Diving Device

Had Already Won Distinction As a Daring Diver.

The device used recently in establishing a new record in deep-sea diving was the invention of a Negro mechanic, who had already won distinction as a daring diver. His latest achievement again draws attention to the honorable place which men of this race have had in the development of arts and technical devices in the United States. Investigations at the Patent Office, in Washington, show upward of 400 patents taken out by Negroes. These are for inventions in many fields, varying all the way from mechanisms for the lubrication of machinery to improvements in telephones and telegraph instruments. In connection with this record descent to the sea floor, it is worth recalling that as long ago as 1792 Thomas Jefferson was so impressed with the astronomical observations of an American Negro that he presented records of them to the Academy of Sciences in Paris. Thus the man of African descent seems to dare all realms.

Fish For the Prairie Farmer

Thousands of Pounds of Fish Arrive Daily from Lakes of the North.

Thousands of pounds of fish arrive daily in Turfelo, in Central Saskatchewan, brought by farmers, ranchers, and Indians from Island Lake, Turtle Lake and other lakes of the north. An average load of fish weighs two thousand pounds and some of these loads come from 150 miles north of Turfelo. White fish is brought in greatest quantities; jackfish ranks next, then pickerel and suckers. Trout will arrive shortly in limited quantity, being found in one lake only. The first car lot was shipped to Saskatoon on December 28. Boxes and sacks are shipped every day, bearing fish to all parts of the province. Orders and repeat orders come in by mail daily and some of the larger purchasers come in person to make arrangements and selections.

Northern Alberta Fur Catch

Mink and Marten Taken in Good Numbers by the Northern Trappers.

Trappers who have come to Fort McMurray with the first of their catch report that mink and marten are being taken in good numbers by the northern trappers. Muskrats are fairly numerous and the number of ermine and mink is about normal. Up to the end of December 28, 1918, muskrats, beavers, and a number of tracks have been found and it is believed that there will be plenty of them before the season closes. The catch of ermine is reported to be somewhat low because of the number of field mice which supply the weasels with food.

Fort McMurray is situated in Northern Alberta, nearly 400 miles north of Edmonton.

The Burmese prefer coins with a female head on them, believing that coins with male heads on them are not so lucky.

Don't judge a man by his character given him by his next door neighbor.

PROFITABLE HENS

The weather seems to have turned milder. Eggs at 70c to 75c per dozen are profitable. Make your hens lay the golden egg by feeding egg-producing food.

Ever Try Oyster Shell?

Get a 100 lb. sack ground Oyster Shell, at \$3.00 per sack and watch result.

We also have Ground Green Bone at 5 lbs. for 25c.

International Stock Food and Lice Killer

are a great help to your fowl. We carry them in stock

J. R. MILLER

LADIES

REAL BARGAINS IN KITCHEN UTENSILS

Triple Saucepans, 3 in set at 2.00
Nickel Plated Tea Kettles 3.50 Dover Egg Beaters 25c
Egg Timers 20c Soap Shakers 25c Nutmeg Grater 20c
Fruit Jar Wrenches 20c
Granite Saucepans—2 quart 25c, 2 1/2 quart 25c, 3 quart 30c
4 quart 30c, 5 quarts 35c
Basting Spoons, Muffin Pans, Jelly Moulds, Tea Pots, Coffee Mills, and many other useful articles that are needed in every home

"Yours for Service and satisfaction"

We sell Newcastle Coal



Barbed Wire and Fence Posts

Anyone contemplating fencing will do well by seeing us before placing your order.

We carry a good assortment of Fence Posts, also Barbed Wire.

Imperial Lumber Yards, Ltd.

R. W. HAMON, manager
Chinook, Alberta

THE COW BILL.—NOTICE

Applications will be received from farmers in Alberta for loans under the Live Stock Encouragement Act for the purchase of cows during the year 1920, up until April 30th of this year. It being decided to handle applications coming from many parts of the province at different times of the year, it has been decided to limit the applications to the first four months. Farmers interested will kindly govern themselves accordingly and get all their applications in to the Live Stock Commissioner before April 30th, 1920.

DUNCAN MARSHALL, Minister
S. G. CARLYLE, Live Stock Commissioner

OUR OBSERVERS' COLUMN

A Chieil's amang ye Takin' Notes an' feth he'd prent it.

"Our Observer" has forgotten to Observe our publishing day—hence no "observes" this week

U.F.A. CORNER

Chinook Local Happenings

At the meeting held the early part of this month a committee was appointed to make arrangements for the programs for the literary evenings held in Chinook. Several resolutions were discussed to be presented to the recent U.F.A. convention, one requesting legislation compelling elevators to clean farmers' wheat, thus keeping screenings at home.

Sec'y was instructed to write mines at Drumheller and Sheerness to ascertain cost of coal supplied through Local to members.

It was decided to provide more seats for literary evenings.

Mr. Varcoe was appointed a committee to interview lumber yards with view to obtaining planks suitable for seats. Adjourned.

Langford Local U.F.A. Musings

The above Local met in the Langford school-house at Jan. 17th.

After reading correspondence, a lengthy discussion followed re John Peden's detention at Ponoka.

Resolved, that Mr. Hogg's letter of the 7th of Jan. be accepted as a resignation, and that the presiding secretary be appointed for the following year.

Resolved, to have the Secretary write to C. O. for information regarding the proper course to pursue re John Peden's release; also to write the Imperial Trust Co. in regards to his affairs.

Resolved, to instruct the Sec. to write C. O., requesting them to take the matter of seed and feed oats and seed wheat up with the government, and also with regard to financing us, as a body the necessary money to buy same co-operatively, and thereby effecting a great saving. Adjourned.

With reference to the report of our all day meeting published in the Advance, it was to the directors of the Acadia hall to whom we extend our many thanks, and not to the trustees as published.

Chinook Agricultural Society

A meeting of the directors of the above society was held in the school-house on Jan 17th.

Present: Messrs Jno. Key, N. McLean, Lensegraf, Whiteside and Mrs. Key.

Minutes read and adopted. Lensegraf, that Mr. Brownell be given \$5 for work after the last pie social.

Exhibitors wishing to compete for both regular and special prizes must place exhibits in each class.

N. McLean, that the decision re holding a grain fields' competition be withheld until after it is discussed at an institute meeting.

W. Whiteside, that C. Herve and F. Maris be notified of next meeting, so that they can explain re prize money.

W. Whiteside, that Sec. Treas. solicit advertisements and special prizes for 1920 prize list.

On motion the directors decided to meet on Saturday, Jan. 31st, to finish revising prize list.

Following bills were paid:

Cereal Hotel	2.00
Rent Bussard's hall	5.00
Acadia Hotel	1.50
Best Municipal News	2.22

Lensegraf, that Miss Rogers be re engaged as sec.-treas. of the agri society at \$150. Bond \$1000.

Whiteside, that we hold an institute meeting, pie social and dance on Friday, Feb-20th

Following were appointed on the supper and dance committee: Program committee Miss M. E. Rogers, Mrs. I. Isbister and Mr. Woodruff.

It was left with the Secretary to arrange for advertising the institute meeting. Adjourned.

STRAYED

Black Mare, 4 years old, white down face, white on feet behind, one above fetlock, branded on right hip WA

\$5.00 REWARD REG WITT 36-28-8 Chinook

PUBLIC NOTICE

Dr. Egbert wishes to give notice that he will not attend any cases of any nature at the residence of Mrs. J. R. Mitchell, of Chinook. Dated at Chinook, Jan. 30, 1920

CHINOOK BREEZES

Mr. Jas. Rennie was in Calgary this week on business.

Mr. Fred Lake of Oyen was in town on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Beamish and daughter, Helen, of Akron, Ohio, visited Mrs. Beamish's brother, Mr. E. E. Stata, this week.

We regret to learn that during the past week Mr. W. Meade has been suffering from bronchitis. We understand that he has some better to-day.

Mr. Tom Squires, who has been suffering greatly from a severe attack of rheumatism for the past few weeks, was taken to Youngstown on Monday for treatment.

Chinook is After the Beaver Cup

On Tuesday, the Youngstown curlers won the Beaver Cup from Oyen. The Chinook curlers at once sent in a challenge for the cup to Youngstown, which will be played off on Monday, Feb. 9

Couldn't Do Better Than Stop Here

According to advices from C. N.R. sources the territory along the Goose Lake line will receive many settlers from England and the United States during the coming summer, and this district will doubtless be visited by many of these land seekers.

Chinook Women's Institute Meeting

The Chinook branch of the Alberta Women's Institute will meet at Mrs. Rennie's, on Wednesday, Feb. 4th, at 3 o'clock. Mrs. Whitlock will give the first of a series of talks on "Home Nursing," her subject being "Care of the baby." There will also be a receipt exchange "Winter deserts."

Surprise Party

Ruby Whiteside was pleasantly surprised on the evening of her birthday, January 20th, by a number of her friends. They spent the evening in various games. All report having had a pleasant time. Refreshments were served. Ruby received many beautiful presents, thanks to her many young friends.



Come to our Store!
You will go home with all kinds of Kitchen things—helpful and inexpensive

Repairing!

Bring in your Kitchen Utensils and have them repaired. We can make them answer as good as new.

We make any thing you want in our Tin-shop

R. S. Woodruff

W. W. ISBISTER GENERAL BLACKSMITH

Coulters and Discs Sharpened

Chinook, Alta.

Horse-shoeing and General Wood Work Repairing.



For Choice Cuts of

FRESH BEEF,

PORK or

MUTTON

call at the

CHINOOK MEAT MARKET

See me before selling your Live Stock

Good Prices Paid for Good Beef Cattle

Will buy Dressed Hogs any time

Highest Prices Paid for Hides and Coyote Skins

O. HINDS, Prop'r

To My Clients

Owing to the fact that a new Judicial District has been formed and that the District Court Judge is sitting at Hanna each week, I have Opened an Office in Hanna so that my court work can be more promptly and carefully looked after.

I am still keeping my office at Chinook, and

will be in Chinook every Friday and Saturday

In this way I am in a position particularly in reference to matters of court-procedure, to give you better service, and I am thus avoiding the delay which was formerly occasioned by having to send chamber motions, etc., to my agents.

Your faithfully,

L. E. ORMCUND

Farmers, Read This

DR. EGBERT wishes to announce that he will contract, on the percentage of crop plan, with a number of responsible farmers, to supply money to brake land for crop, or to buy seed and have crop put in on land already broken.

For Sale

A 1000 bushels of Marquis Wheat, cleaned, for Seed; also a quantity of Straw. Will trade on stock.

SIMON CROWLEY 35-29-29-5 Excel, R.R. 2

Pure Duroc Jersey Boar for Service 2 miles south of Chinook. W. H. MEADE